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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/890,831	12/23/2001		Eckart Hettlage	12554/7	8160	
26646	7590	01/20/2004		EXAMINER		
KENYON	& KENY	ON	LE, DANG D			
ONE BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10004			ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER	
1.2 1.3, 1.1				2834	2834	

DATE MAILED: 01/20/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Applicati n No.	Applicant(s)				
Advisory Action	09/890,831	HETTLAGE, ECKART				
•	Examin r	Art Unit				
	Dang D Le	2834				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address				
THE REPLY FILED 22 December 2003 FAILS TO PLACE Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to avoinal rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1 condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appea Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this applica) a timely filed amendment whicl	ation. A proper reply to a				
PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]					
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f).	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing S FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF TH	g date of the final rejection. HE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The ee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period dee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of 2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Officially filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 C	of extension and the corresponding amo the shortened statutory period for reply ce later than three months after the mai	unt of the fee. The appropriate extension originally set in the final Office action; or				
 A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFF 						
The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:					
(a) they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);				
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note b	pelow);					
(c) ☐ they are not deemed to place the application is issues for appeal; and/or	n better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or simplifying the				
(d) ☐ they present additional claims without canceliNOTE:	ng a corresponding number of fi	nally rejected claims.				
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	tion(s):					
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 	be allowable if submitted in a se	eparate, timely filed amendment				
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for application in condition for allowance because: Se		dered but does NOT place the				
 The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered bec raised by the Examiner in the final rejection. 	ause it is not directed SOLELY t	o issues which were newly				
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims we	• • •					
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:						
Claim(s) allowed:						
Claim(s) objected to:						
Claim(s) rejected: <u>13,14 and 16-25</u> .						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:						
The drawing correction filed on is a) approved or b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
9. Note the attached information Disclosure Statemen	nt(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	·				
0. Other: DANG LE PRIMARY EXAMINER		1/9/24				
	Source (1)	11109				

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Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: It is noted that references may be combined although none of them explicitly suggests combining one with the other. In re Nilssen, 7 USPQ2d 1500 (Fed. Cir. 1989). In addition, Sakamoto's and Ando's invention are both directed to the stepping motor. Sakamoto does not teach how to control the operation of the stepping motor. In other words, Sakamoto just shows the structure of the stepping motor without control circuits. In contrast, Ando shows one way to control the operation of the stepping motor without motor structure. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to utilize the control circuit of Ando in the motor of Sakamoto.